Call to ban non-medics performing cosmetic surgery

Royal College of Surgeons calls for new professional standards

O nly surgeons should provide cosmetic surgery and only doctors, dentists and nurses who have undertaken appropriate training should provide non-surgical cosmetic treatments such as Botox, recommends new professional standards for cosmetic practice. Currently certain cosmetic treatments can be administered by anyone, anywhere with no medical training.

The guidelines state that as standard practice, practitioners should discuss relevant psychological issues (including any psychiatric history) with the patient to establish the nature of their body image concerns and their reasons for seeking treatment. They should not at any point imply that treatment will improve a patient’s psychological wellbeing.

Aimed at all doctors, dentists and nurses involved in cosmetic practice, the document entitled Professional Standards for Cosmetic Practice focuses on the behaviour and competencies medical professionals should be expected to demonstrate when providing cosmetic procedures.

The standards, issued by the Royal College of Surgeons (RCS), state that financial deals such as time limited discounts should be banned and stringent psychological assessment promoted. They lay out the professional duty practitioners have to their patients, including the need to ensure they have a clear understanding of the risks of the procedure, outlining consequent aftercare and being transparent about costs from the outset.

Developed by a working group of key professionals including surgeons, psychiatrists, psychologists and dermatologists, key points in the professional standards include:

- Practitioners should not imply that patients will feel ‘better’ or ‘look nicer’, and should instead use unambiguous language like ‘bigger’ or ‘smaller’ to describe what that patient is trying to change.
- All practitioners should consider whether they should refer a patient to a clinical psychologist before proceeding with further consultations or treatments. Pre-procedure discussions should include the disclosure of relevant psychiatric history such as eating disorders and the practitioner should document any signs or symptoms of Body Dysmorphic Disorder. Psychological factors contributing to the motivation to undergo the procedure and expectations of outcome should also be assessed.
- Marketing and advertising must be honest and responsible, using only real patient photographs that have not been airbrushed or digitally enhanced.
- The RCS recommends that only licensed doctors, registered dentists and registered nurses who have undertaken appropriate training should provide any cosmetic treatment.

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First Green Dentistry Conference™ held

The Eco-Dentistry Association® has announced that it will hold the industry’s first dental conference devoted exclusively to high-tech, environmentally sound dental practices. The event will take place May 5 and 4, 2013, at the eco-friendly Robert Redford Conference Center in Sundance, Utah, part of the Sundance Resort. Attendance is limited to the first 100 registrants.

The 2013 Green Dentistry Conference™ will showcase the information and products dental professionals need to create and maintain state-of-the-art green practices. “A” List dental speakers include Gary Takacs of Takaes Learning Center, who will share the essentials of branding and marketing a green dental practice, as well as dental technology guru Marty Jablow, DMD, Paul Feuerstein, DMD, and John Flucke, DDS, who will talk about how dental technologies reduce waste and save energy, and boost the practice bottom line. Bill Roth, noted sustainability author and speaker, will lead a break out group called “Green Builds Business.”

The conference will offer panel discussions on everything from building and financing a high-tech, green dental practice to creating a successful green hygiene program. Unique, small group, hands-on opportunities with dental technology such as lasers and CAD/CAM systems will also be available.

The 2013 Green Dentistry Conference™ will offer attendees something rarely found at dental conferences: promoting the overall health and wellbeing of the dental practice, as well as dental health and meditation will be available for all attendees and there will be presentations focusing on the importance of work-life balance to support personal and professional success.

On Sunday, May 5, attendees will have the option of hiking in the 6,000 acres of pristine wilderness adjacent to the Sundance Resort, enjoying fly-fishing, golf or the spa.

Customisable sponsorship opportunities are available for companies offering green dental, green building, or wellness products and services.

Discounted early bird registrations open on Tuesday, January 22nd, 2013 at www.ecodentistry.org/conference. Contact info@ecodentistry.org

Soft drinks should have tooth decay warning

Researchers from the University of Adelaide say any health warnings about soft drinks should include a risk of tooth decay, following a new study that looks at the consumption of sweet drinks and fluoridated water by Australian children.

“There is growing scrutiny on sweet drinks, especially soft drinks, because of a range of detrimental health effects on adults and children,” says Dr Jason Armfield from the Australian Research Centre for Population Oral Health at the University of Adelaide’s School of Dentistry.

“Toothe decay carries with it significant physical, social and health implications, and we believe the risk of tooth decay should be included in any warnings relating to sweet drinks,” he says.

Dr Armfield is the lead author of a new study published this month in the American Journal of Public Health, which looks at the consumption of sweet drinks and fluoridated water by more than 16,800 Australian children.

The study found that the number of decayed, missing and filled deciduous (or baby) teeth was 46 per cent higher among children who consumed three or more sweet drinks per day, compared with children who did not consume sweet drinks.

“Consistent evidence has shown that the high activity of many sweetened drinks, particularly soft drinks and sports drinks, can be a factor in dental erosion, as well as the sugar itself contributing to tooth decay,” Dr Armfield says.

“Our study also showed that greater exposure to fluoridated water significantly reduces the association between children’s sweet drink consumption and tooth decay. This reconfirms the benefits of community water fluoridation for oral health.

“Essentially, we need to ensure that children are exposed less to sweet drinks, and have greater access to drink fluoridated water, which will result in significantly improved dental outcomes for children,” he says.

“If health authorities decide that warnings are needed for sweet drinks, the risk to dental health should be included.”

Charity raises £40k

The Mouth Cancer Foundation raised £40,000 from its 7th annual Mouth Cancer 10KM Awareness Walk, which took place in London’s Hyde Park on Saturday 22nd September 2012.

The Mouth Cancer 10 KM Awareness Walk has been designed to increase awareness and generate much needed funds to allow the charity to provide support for mouth cancer patients and carers.

Last September almost 800 people travelled to the capital to walk 15,000 steps it took to complete a 10 KM course. Together they celebrated survivorship, remembered lost dear ones and had fun. There were medals, T-shirts and goodie bags for everyone who took part.

The Founder of the Mouth Cancer Foundation Dr Vinod Joshi says “The Mouth Cancer 10KM Awareness Walk proved to be the most successful ever in 2012. The profit from the walk, after costs, will be ploughed into our latest initiative the Mouth Cancer Screening Accreditation Scheme which will launch in April this year. This is brand new and will accredit dental practices who actively prove they regularly carry out thorough head and neck cancer screenings and operate clearly documented pathways with a local referral department.”

Research has suggested that compounds that give colorful fruits their rich hues, especially berries, promote health and might even prevent cancer. But for the first time, scientists have exposed extracts from numerous berries high in those pigments to human saliva to see just what kinds of health-promoting substances are likely to survive and be produced in the mouth.

The researchers have discovered that two families of pigments in the mouth are responsible for colorful fruits, called anthocyanins, are more susceptible to degradation in the mouth than are the other four classes of these pigments.

Are berries beneficial to our health?

The researchers exposed extracts of anthocyanin pigments from blueberries, chokeberries, black raspberries, red grapes and strawberries to the saliva collected from 14 people. The five fruits selected for study allowed the scientists to test the six distinct families of the anthocyanin pigments. Researchers purified the anthocyanins from each berry type and added the extracts to saliva.

“Our observations suggest that the bacteria within one’s oral cavity are responsible for some of the breakdown of these compounds that occurs in saliva. Researchers are investigating whether it’s the berry pigments themselves, or instead the products of their degradation, that actually promote health.

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The Ohio State University study also showed that bacteria in the mouth are responsible for most of the breakdown of these compounds that occurs in saliva. Researchers are investigating whether it’s the berry pigments themselves, or instead the products of their degradation, that actually promote health.

If anthocyanins are the actual health-promoting compound, you would want to design food products, confectionaries and gels containing mixtures of anthocyanins that are stable in the mouth. If, on the other hand, the metabolites produced by the metabolism of anthocyanins are the actual health-promoting compounds, there will be greater interest in fruits that contain anthocyanins that are less stable in the oral cavity.

Dr Failla said “We lack such insights at this time.”
A study published in *Annals of Oncology* has revealed that acupuncture can relieve symptoms of xerostomia.

Dry mouth is a common side effect of radiotherapy, and as many as 41 per cent can still be suffering from it five years after treatment.

Doctors at seven cancer centres in the UK recruited 145 people suffering from radiation-induced xerostomia.

The researchers found there were no significant changes in saliva production; however individual symptoms were significantly improved among the group receiving acupuncture.

Dr Richard Simcock, one of the authors of the study, said: "The amount of saliva produced does not necessarily influence the experience of a dry mouth. Xerostomia is therefore an entirely subjective symptom – it is what the patient says it is, regardless of salivary measurement."

The researchers say that further studies are needed to refine the acupuncture technique, but they believe that it could be easily incorporated into the care of patients with xerostomia.

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Editorial comment


I must admit, I am a big fan of webinars. They are a great way of gaining knowledge without the hassle of travel. Many of the ones I watch that are related to publishing etc are produced in America, an expensive pastime if I was to go see them in person!

I also love the fact that I can curl up on my sofa or cook dinner whilst watching. There’s a lot to be said for the comforts of home when understanding the intricacies of peri disease or matrix bands!

So, if you’ve never experienced a webinar, take a look at www.dentalwebinars.co.uk register and take a look at the archive. Here you will be able to watch the format and get a feel for how they work before embarking on your first live experience!

Upcoming webinars include: Feb 21 Anthony Roberts The clinician’s role and patient’s responsibilities in the management of periodontal disease; Feb 26 Anoop Maini Short Term Orthodontics for the GDP; March 5 Colin Campbell Getting Serious about Implantology with the ITI. See you at the webinar!

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Acupuncture can relieve dry mouth

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The researchers say that further studies are needed to refine the acupuncture technique, but they believe that it could be easily incorporated into the care of patients with xerostomia.
A new study conducted by researchers at the University of Minnesota, has shown that the common antibacterial agent triclosan, used in soaps and many other products, is found in increasing amounts in several Minnesota freshwater lakes.

In addition, the researchers found an increasing amount of other chemicals, called chlorinated triclosan derivatives that form when triclosan is exposed to chlorine during the wastewater disinfection process. When exposed to sunlight, triclosan and its chlorinated derivatives form dioxins that have potentially toxic effects in the environment. These dioxins were also found in the lakes.

Triclosan was patented in 1964 and introduced into the market in the early 1970s. Since then it has been added to many consumer products including soaps and body washes, toothpastes, cosmetics, clothing, washing up liquid, and kitchenware. Beyond its use in toothpaste to prevent gingivitis, the U.S. Food and Drug Administration has found no evidence that triclosan in antibacterial soaps and body washes provide any benefit over washing with regular soap and water.

The researchers studied the presence of triclosan in various sizes throughout Minnesota with varying amounts of treated wastewater input. Sediment collected from large lakes with many wastewater sources had increased concentrations of triclosan, chlorinated triclosan derivatives, and triclosan-derived dioxins since the patent of triclosan in 1964. In small-scale lakes with a single wastewater source, the trends were directly attributed to increased triclosan use, local improvements in UV disinfection, and kitchenware. Beyond UV disinfection technology replacing chlorine in one of the wastewater treatment plants, the presence of chlorinated triclosan derivatives in the sediments decreased.

In the lake with no wastewater input, no triclosan or chlorinated triclosan derivatives were detected. Overall, concentrations of triclosan, chlorinated triclosan derivatives, and triclosan-derived dioxins were found no evidence that triclosan in antibacterial soaps and body washes provide any benefit over washing with regular soap and water.

Denplan Launch NHS Viewpoint Seminars

Denplan has launched the UK’s biggest debate to discuss the new NHS contract with both UK-wide seminars and a discussion forum to encourage dental professionals to have their say.

Denplan’s Viewpoint Seminars have been arranged around the country so that dental professionals can receive some much-needed clarity on how the new contract may affect practice life and get involved with the debate.

Not only this, but for those who cannot attend the Seminars, Denplan has also set up an NHS Viewpoint discussion forum at www.denplanviewpoint.co.uk, with the latest expert updates and information from the Seminars.

For more information about the Denplan Viewpoint Seminars, please call 0800 889 6967 or email events@denplan.co.uk or to join in the debate, please visit www.denplanviewpoint.co.uk.

Join the AOG for 2013 Trip to Chitrakoot

Join the AOG in Delhi, North-ern India, for a trip of a life-time and contribute towards the Greater Good. After attending the Clinical Innovations Conference in Delhi and helping with the charity work the AOG provides, you will have the opportunity to choose between two additional trips.

- Temples in Bhajpura, the earth-ly lamps of the Aarti (prayer) Cer-eemony at the Ganges, the Dutch Palace, the Santa Cruz Basilica, and the tea plantations in Munnar.
- One of the extensions also in-

Fraudulent dentist struck off

A dentist has been struck off by the General Dental Council following a public hearing into allegations he made false claims to the NHS about his practice, a decision that was sanctions. The decision said he was not entitled to make claims to the NHS for these activities.

More details can be found on the GDC’s website.

VLA Healthcare withdraws Sharps Terminator®

VLA Healthcare has announced that it has re-moved the Sharps Terminator® from sale in both the UK and Germany. The decision to remove the product was taken to protect the public from harmful needles. It was due to concerns over reliability and performance issues pertaining to the product, which were uncovered during NHS testing and evaluation.

The company is committed to supplying high-quality products and services and is working with other manufacturers to develop alternative solutions to Sharps Terminator®. “Feed-back from customers we spoke to about Sharps Terminator has been extremely positive, but it could only destroy a certain type of needles. Dentists were particularly disappointed that needles they routinely used could not be destroyed,” explains Daniel Hughes, Director at VLA Healthcare. “This coupled with the issues regarding reliability and performance led us to the decision to withdraw Sharps Terminator from the market and look for an alternative solution, which we hope to have available in the year.”
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Hosted by Raj Rattan with presentations from Nilesh Parmar & Prem-Pal Sehmi, Kevin Lewis, Elaine Halley and Daz Singh
Drill-less technique a hit in New Zealand

New Zealand dentist has found that children prefer the ‘Hall technique’.

Dr Lyndie Foster Page, head of preventive and restorative dentistry at the University of Otago Dental School, and colleague Ms Dorothy Boyd, a specialist paediatric dentist, trained 10 Hawke's Bay dental therapists to use the new Hall technique as part of a feasibility study funded by the Health Research Council of New Zealand. The Hall technique, developed by Scottish dentist Dr Nor- na Hall, involves placing a stainless-steel crown over a baby molar tooth to seal any decay in, rather than the conventional method of removing the decay with a drill and then placing a filling. Starved of nutrients, the decay then stops or slows down. The crown stays in place until it falls out naturally with the tooth at about age 10.

Of the nearly 190 children between five and eight years old who took part in the Hawke's Bay study, just over half were Māori. Nearly 100 children received treatment for their decayed teeth using the Hall technique, while the remainder were treated using conventional methods. Many of the children already had six or seven fillings in their mouth, and two-thirds came from low socio-economic status areas.

Dr Foster Page said the study showed that children treated in the new way (which doesn't require anaesthetic) reported less dental anxiety than those who had received conventional care. Interestingly, almost all (90 per cent) of those treated with the Hall technique reported enjoying their clinic visit; among those conventionally treated, the figure was 52 per cent.

"After six months, children who had conventional treatment had twice as many dental abscesses and nearly three times as many replacement fillings as those who were treated with the Hall technique," says Dr Foster Page.

"At first, some parents were concerned that people might judge children who had these crowns because of the way the crowns look. Many people today want white fillings. However, after the treatment, we found that the overall positive response of the children and parents was much greater than we had anticipated. This technique is not only beneficial for children, but also for our practice. The time saved means we can treat many more children and reduce the amount of anaesthetic we have to use. We believe it's a win-win situation for everyone!"
The lasting impact of eating disorders

DT’s Angharad Jones looks at eating disorders and how dental professionals can help

February 11-17, 2013

Among those who are bulimic regurgitation, and diet choices erosion due to repeated acid anorexia. Bulimia causes tooth 10 per cent of sufferers having eating disorder, compared to up 40 per cent of those with an eating disorder. The National Morbidity Survey shows dental problems can arise as a result of tooth wear. All sorts of chemical or mechanical activities can occur as a result, such as teeth becoming short and unattractive as well as rough or sensitive. Speaking or chewing can become a problem and some people will end up with numerous restorations or having teeth removed.

Results from the Adult Psychiatric Morbidity Survey show that bulimia is the most prevalent eating disorder, making up 40 per cent of those with an eating disorder, compared to 10 per cent of sufferers having anorexia. Bulimia causes tooth erosion due to repeated acid regurgitation, and diet choices among those who are bulimic may be acidic, with sugar free and carbonated soft drinks, sports drinks and alcohol being frequently consumed, adding to erosion.

Stress Stress is a common aspect in all eating disorders, which can also lead to other types of tooth wear. Emma Pacey, Clinical Coordinator at the London Tooth Wear Centre® says: “The associated psychological complications of an eating disorder mean the patient may be susceptible to other types of tooth wear often caused by grinding or clenching habits, whilst obsessive behaviour can translate to tooth brushing, resulting in abrasion.”

Those with bulimia also become overly concerned with the prospect of bad breath, causing them to excessively brush their teeth. Terence, a bulimia sufferer for 11 years says bad breath took great importance for him during his illness. “After vomiting the first thing I did was clean my teeth, as I thought this would help keep my teeth strong and prevent bad breath. I was more bothered about bad breath [than oral health] and I didn’t realise what I was doing to my teeth.”

Unfortunately, oral care can often take a back seat when people are going through their illness. As with other psychological disorders, judgement may be affected, and one of the concerns likely to be at the bottom of the list is the impact their lifestyle is taking on their teeth.

Sam, who suffered from anorexia and bulimia for 15 years, has had tooth decay, intensive root canal treatment, numerous fillings and three missing teeth as a result, says: “[Oral health] wasn’t high on my list of priorities, being thin was. When you have such a low opinion of yourself your teeth...is just one thing in a long list of things that you hate about yourself.”

Causative factors Although a difficult and sensitive subject to broach, tooth wear which is deemed to be the result of an eating disorder should be acknowledged. Emma says: “Denial and shame often feature and so discussion must be without judgement, with sympathy and time. Acknowledgment and rectification of the causative factors need to be realised, otherwise treatment will be compromised.”

“It is important to communicate effectively and with consideration, and provide clear explanation in an open and supportive environment.”

Sam agrees: “My dentist reacted with what I perceive to be disgust and a total lack of sympathy. She was very dismissive and offered very little support and advice...it made me feel really bad about myself and like I had no one to turn to. I saw the hygienist and broke down about my problems and told her how I felt about my teeth. She was very supportive and told me there are lots of things that can be done but I would need to be referred to a private clinic.”

Advice It is also important to note that people with eating disorders may not want to listen to any advice given. Bhian, an eating disorder sufferer for 15 years, says: “I received very little advice [from my dentist]. I didn’t seek any and I wouldn’t have been willing to accept any either.”

Allison, who has suffered from both anorexia and bulimia, reiterates this. “Any advice you give may usually fall on deaf ears.”

Nonetheless, dentists should not be disheartened when it comes to treating patients, and still need to look out for tooth wear as a result of eating disorders. Allison encourages “every dentist not to shy away from talking to their patients who present with high acid erosion on their teeth that could be attributed to an eating disorder.”

Sam’s advice to dentists is: “Don’t be judgemental, eating disorders are not a lifestyle choice, they are serious illnesses. Educate yourself about eating disorders, the effects they can have on teeth and the signs to look out for.”

Signs to look out for include increased levels of sensitiv- ity, and sharp or chipped front teeth. Acid erosion presents on the palatal and occlusal surfaces of the teeth mostly, where acidic fluid pools in the mouth, and back teeth become rounded and lose some of their surface characteristics, while front teeth may become translucent at the biting edges. If abrasion is also present, grooves may develop in the teeth near to where they meet the gums.

Regret One of the biggest impacts that come with dental problems attributed to eating disorders is a lack of confidence and regret that oral health was neglected during their illness.

Sara, an anorexia sufferer, says: “Following recovery, the impact my eating disorder had upon my teeth has affected my confidence. I was, and am, aware of the appearance of my dentition, my missing tooth, and am self-conscious at times when speaking.”

Bhian says: “It upset me that this is the lasting legacy of my eating disorder that I will have to live with for the rest of my life. I get annoyed at the amount I have and will continue to have to pay out because of the damage years of an eating disorder has done to my teeth.”

While dentists may not be able to stop an eating disorder, they may be able to prevent severe tooth wear which has occurred as a result, and make a big difference to that patient’s life.

Contact information
For more information regarding eating disorders and tooth wear, visit www.b-eat.co.uk and www.toothwear.co.uk

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